



Making Health Data more Accessible for Research

Susheel Varma PhD MBA FBCS, Director of Engineering

07 June 2021

National institute to unite, improve and use health data for research



**Wellcome Trust
Great Ormond Street
DRIVE Unit**

CENTRAL TEAM OFFICES



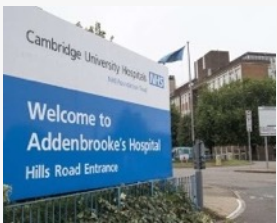
- HDR UK Cambridge**
- HDR UK London**
- HDR UK Midlands**
- HDR UK North**
- HDR UK Oxford**
- HDR UK Scotland**
- HDR UK South-West**
- HDR UK Wales and Northern Ireland**

RESEARCH LOCATIONS



- BREATHE**
- DATA-CAN**
- Discover-NOW**
- Gut Reaction**
- INSIGHT**
- PIONEER**
- NHS DigiTrials**
- BHF Data Science Centre**

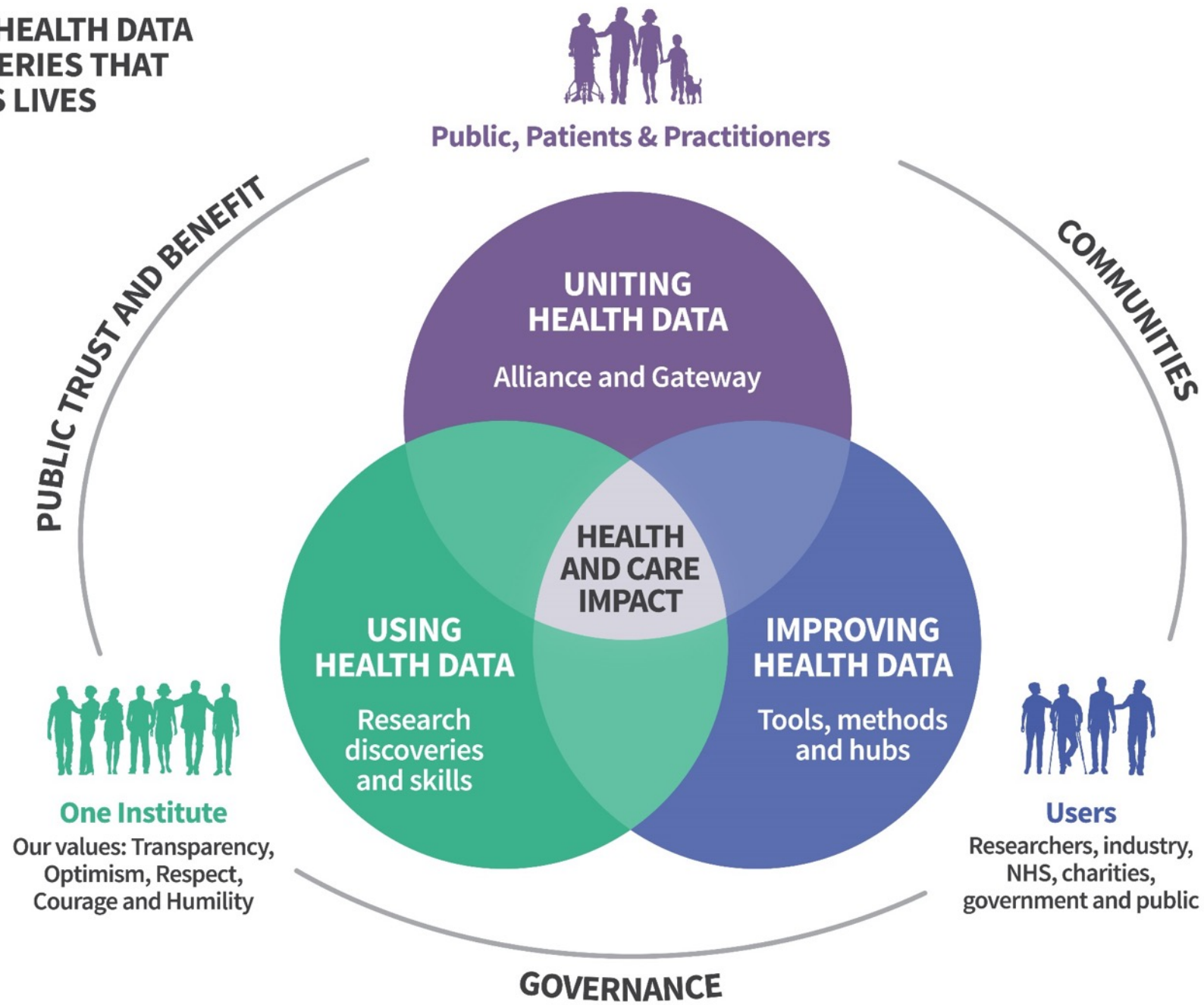
**HEALTH DATA
RESEARCH HUBS**



- Belfast**
- Birmingham**
- Bristol**
- Cambridge**
- Edinburgh**
- Exeter**
- Leeds**
- London**
- Manchester**
- Oxford**

**TRAINING LOCATIONS
(Masters and PhD)**

UNITING THE UK'S HEALTH DATA
TO ENABLE DISCOVERIES THAT
IMPROVE PEOPLE'S LIVES



Our three key priorities at the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic

1

Co-ordinate and connect national data science driven research efforts related to COVID-19

2

Accelerate access to UK-wide priority data relevant to COVID-19 for research

3

Leverage the best of the UK's health data science capability to address the wider impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, supporting vulnerable groups that will be hardest hit

Support the UK government response through regular reporting to SAGE



Health Data Research UK @HDR_UK · 16 Mar

As the national institute for health data science, our HDR UK community is actively championing the use of health data to address the #COVID-19 challenge including work on risk factors, clinical trials, care pathways and surveillance.

Find out more:



Statement on Coronavirus Pandemic - HDR UK
hdruk.ac.uk



17

16



Regular reports to SAGE



COVID-19 Health Data Research

11 May 2021 - Fortnightly update for SAGE, National Core Studies & UKRI/DHSC

Authors:

Alice Turnbull, Health Data Research UK
Andrew Morris, Health Data Research UK
David Seymour, UK Health Data Research Alliance
Caroline Cake, Health Data Research UK (lead)
Sinduja Manohar, Health Data Research UK
Susheel Varma, Health Data Research UK
Cathie Sudlow, BHF Data Science Centre
Sophie Morris, Health Data Research UK
Ashleigh Smith, Health Data Research UK
Hollydawn Murray, Health Data Research UK
James Pickett, Health Data Research UK
Lara Edwards, Health Data Research UK
Mel...

John Deanfield, NICOR
Mark Parsons, Scotland National Safe Haven
Charlie Davie, DATA-CAN
Members of the HDR UK Public Advisory Board & COVID-19 PPIE Group
Ming Tang, NHS England and Improvement
Nilesh Samani, British Heart Foundation
National Core Study Programme Leads
Pete Stokes, Office for National Statistics
Ronan Lyons, SAIL Databank (UKRI/DHSC sponsor)
Carole Morris, Public Health Scotland
Garry Coleman, NHS Digital
Ian Young, Health & Social Care Northern Ireland

Data & Connectivity National Core Study: COVID-19 dataset availability – 11 May

No change in dataset availability in last 2 weeks. Progress is ongoing to link viral genome data in England, Wales and Northern Ireland.

COVID-19 Datasets available for linkage	Office for National Statistics (Secure Research Service)	England (NHS Digital Data Processing Service)	Scotland (National Data Safe Haven)	Wales (SAIL Databank)	Northern Ireland (Honest Broker Service)
C-19 vaccine data collection	To be made available shortly. Accepting applications now.	Vaccines Events & Adverse Reactions	Scottish Vaccination Data	COVID Vaccination Dataset	Data access agreed. Data to be transferred to TIS shortly from Vaccine Management System
COG-UK viral genome	Awaiting data flow from Public Health England	Awaiting data flow from Public Health England (to follow flow into ONS)	COG-UK data available in TIS. Subset also linked to CO-CIN data	Awaiting data from Public Health Wales	Governance agreed, automation of data flow to PHA in progress
Pillar 1 COVID-19 Testing Data	To be linked to Test and Trace data	COVID-19 Second Generation Surveillance System (SGSS)	Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS)	COVID-19 Test Results	COVID antigen testing - Pillar 1
Pillar 2 Testing data (UK Gov)	To be linked to Test and Trace data	COVID-19 UK Non-hospital Antigen Testing Results (Pillar 2)	Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS)	COVID-19 Test Results	Missing results prior to 26 Apr - Data quality issue
Primary Care	GPES linked to census, mortality and hospital data for internal access only	GPES extract - 98% practice coverage, large subset of codes (40k items) Community Prescribing	Albion ESCRO GP Extraction* Prescribing Information System	80%+ coverage of full longitudinal record, with 100% coverage for COVID codes	Enhanced Prescribing Database as proxy
Secondary Care	Census Mortality HES linked data set now available (ONS/NHS)	100% coverage - HES SUs via DARS extract only, available in TIS soon	100% coverage	100% coverage	Admissions & Discharges
Personal Demographic Service	Internal use only	100% coverage (via DARS extract only)	100% coverage	100% coverage	
Death registry	Provisional Monthly Extract & Linked Census and death occurrence	100% coverage	100% coverage	100% coverage	
C-19 Infection Survey (CIS)	Linked to Test and Trace data	N/A	Awaiting DEA accreditation	Awaiting decision on data access	Awaiting decision on data access
COVID-19 Clinical Information Network (CO-CIN)	Being linked to 2011 census	Data for English CO-CIN participants available in Scottish National Data Safe Haven	United metadata. Includes English linked data, and COG/UK/CO-CIN data set	Awaiting decision on data access	Discussions ongoing to collect data in NI
Census 2011	Household structure	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Covid Opinions Survey	c. 5,000 businesses	N/A	N/A	Awaiting decision on data access	N/A
Business Impact of Covid Survey	80,000 households, 100,000 individuals	N/A	N/A	Awaiting decision on data access	N/A
Labour Force Survey	Preparing data sharing agreement for ICNARC	HES Critical Care (ICNARC available in June)	SICSAQ (updated weekly)	ICNARC COVID weekly, ICNARC quarterly all admissions and critical care routine data (ECOSS) monthly	ICNARC to be acquired
Intensive Care data	Captured within Test and Trace data	N/A		COVID-19 Test Results	
Pillar 3 Testing data (NHS labs)	N/A	COVID-19 UK Non-hospital Antibody Testing Results (Pillar 3)			Data to be validated
Pillar 3 Testing data (ELISA)	VIVALDI, REACT II				
Other Pillar 4 Testing data					
ZOE Symptom Study App Data	Finalising data sharing agreement	N/A			

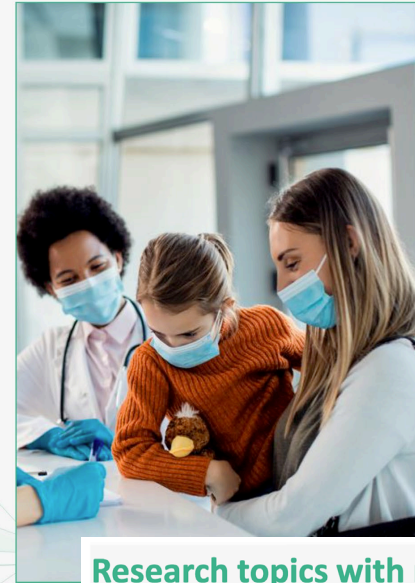


1. Custodian engagement
2. Dataset available in secure Trusted Research Environment
3. Linkages established to other priority datasets (within TIS)
4. Datasets available for COVID-19 research via Gateway

Further information about Data & Connectivity can be found [here](#), along with our latest monthly sprint report

Data and Connectivity National Core Study webpages and dashboard now live

Health data research community highlights this period



35 COVID-19 taskforce calls with 183 clinical and health data research leaders engaged

1,222 COVID-19 pre-print publications, and 147 papers published

771 academic, industry and NHS participants in COVID-19 Slack channel with 10 sub-channels

111 health data research questions identified

Patient and Public Voice Feedback - Lot of positive progress has been made but as we continue to move out of a national lockdown, we must sustain momentum:

- Those who are immunosuppressed have no certainty about vaccine effectiveness as there is no/limited evidence. Understanding and publishing the resulting data must be a priority to ensure immunosuppressed people do not put themselves at risk unnecessarily.
- Whilst more and more of the population become vaccinated and evidence has shown effectiveness against the UK variant, it is imperative to better understand and communicate the effects of the vaccine on the different and emerging variants as well as the effect of the variants on transmission.
- Urgent research is needed in the broader long-term follow up of COVID-19 patients, looking at all age groups and all of those ranging from clinically vulnerable to "healthy" adults.
- Urgently, with restrictions becoming much lighter on 17 May 2021 onwards, research needs to explore the effects on cases, hospitalisations and deaths and should include the impact of removing the requirement for pupils to wear masks in schools.

[Click here to read more feedback](#)

[Click here](#) for a list of regularly updated COVID-19 research questions from the

Research topics with new insights generated in last 2 weeks

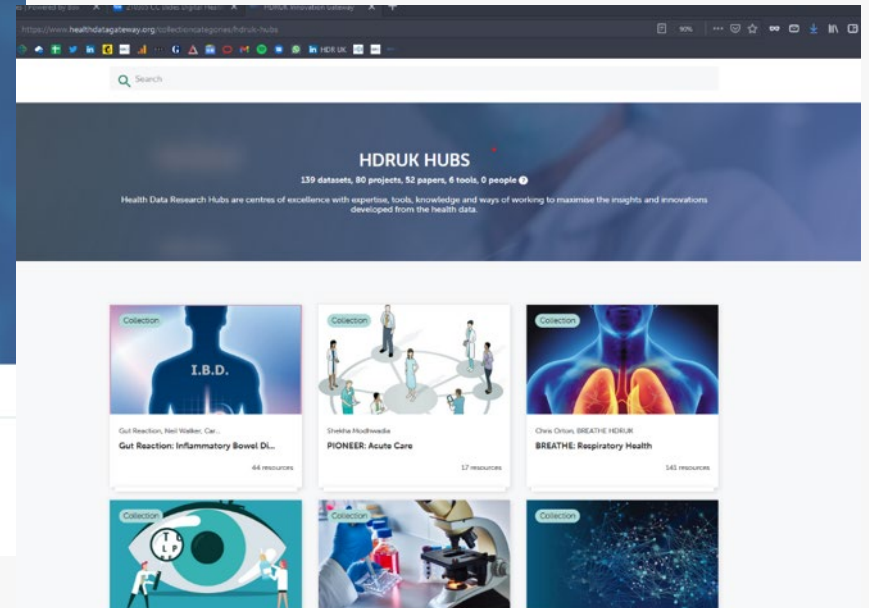
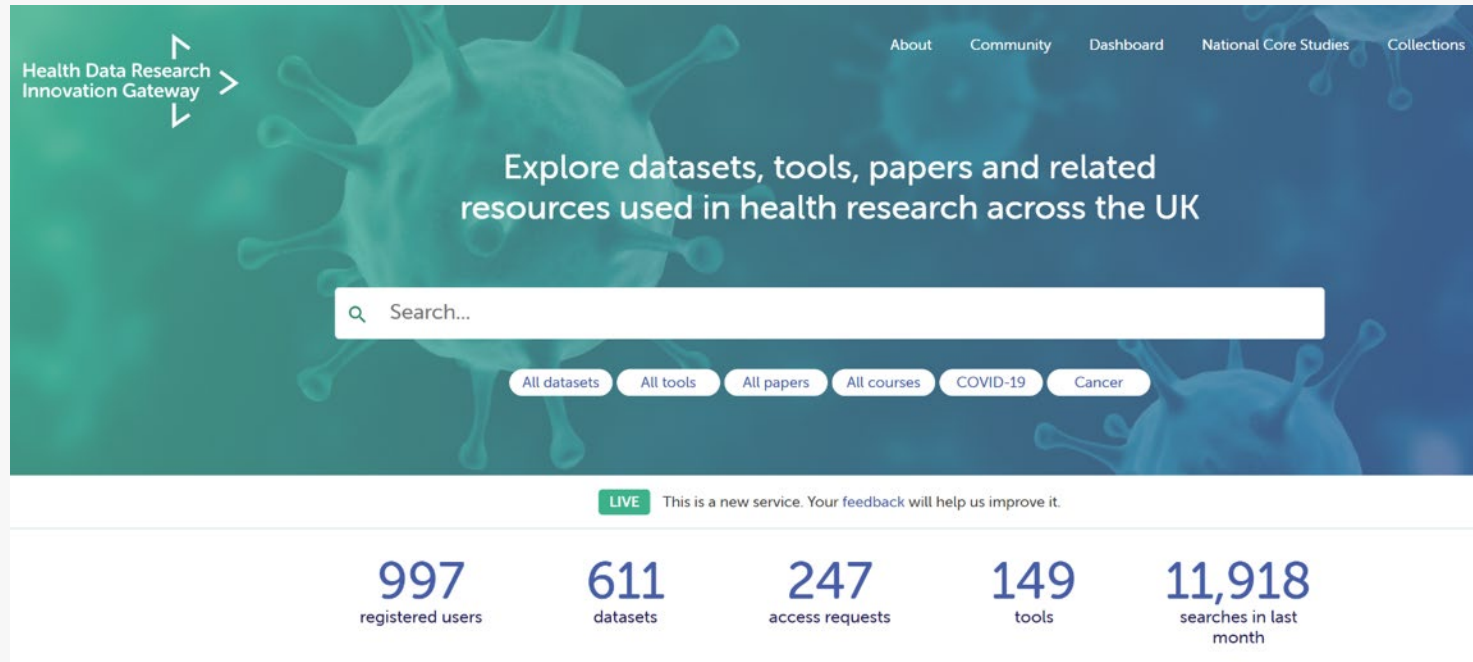
Health data research outputs on COVID-19 continues to grow, now reaching 1,222 (+8) non-peer-reviewed pre-prints & 147 (+9) published papers.

Topic	Insights from ongoing studies (links provide further details):
Surveillance & Epidemiology	<ul style="list-style-type: none">A multi-ethnic population study using linked primary and secondary care electronic health records of >15,000 patients with hepato-pancreato-biliary conditions such as liver cancer, pancreatic cancer, and gallstones found that the risk of COVID-19 was heightened for patients with a history of substance misuse.
Immunity & Vaccines	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Real-world data from the vaccine rollout in Scotland suggest that the 1st dose of the Pfizer-BioNTech and the Oxford-AstraZeneca vaccines are 91% and 88% effective at reducing COVID-19 hospitalisation, respectively. The study used the Early Pandemic Evaluation and Enhanced Surveillance of COVID-19—EAVE II—database comprising linked vaccination, primary care, real-time reverse transcription-PCR testing, and hospital admission patient records for the entire Scottish population.Preliminary analyses combining vaccination and COVID-19 testing data for University Hospitals Birmingham healthcare workers revealed that a high proportion of workers vaccinated with a 1st dose acquired COVID-19 – calling for healthcare workers to remain vigilant after a 1st vaccine dose.A real-world study using PCR-test results from a representative cohort of >300,000 participants as part of the Office for National Statistics (ONS) COVID-19 Infection Survey (CIS) has found that a single dose of Oxford-AstraZeneca or Pfizer-BioNTech vaccines, or two doses of Pfizer-BioNTech, reduced new infections. Both vaccines appear to be effective against the UK variant.As part of the same survey, a separate study of post-vaccine antibody levels in 45,965 UK adults found that vaccine response differs with demographics (including age, gender and previous infection status) and – if vaccine supplies become limited – prioritising vaccines for people not previously infected, and 2nd doses to those over the age of 60 may be warranted.
Longitudinal health & wellbeing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Analyses of COVID-19 Symptom Study survey responses from >2.7 million people in the US, UK, and Sweden found no association between use of non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (including Aspirin) and COVID-19 infection – suggesting patients and healthcare providers should continue to use these drugs to prevent cardiovascular disease, treat chronic secondary pain, etc.Analyses by the OpenSAFELY Collaborative of linked patient-level data revealed that people using routinely prescribed oral anti-coagulants (n=70,464) had a lower risk of severe COVID-19 outcomes and showed no evidence that warfarin users (n=372,746) have an increased risk of COVID-19 outcomes (versus other anti-coagulants). These results provide reassurance that these treatments can continue to be used safely during the pandemic.
Transmission & Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Responses from >20,000 participants of the VirusWatch household study indicate that people living in deprived areas are more likely to use public transport, work/attend school outside the home, and visit essential shops – suggesting interventions to prevent exposure during these activities may reduce risk inequalities.A matched cohort study of >200,000 care home residents using primary care electronic health from the Clinical Practice Research Datalink Aurum Database in England confirmed the disproportionate impact of the 1st wave on the care home population and highlights the need to protect these individuals in future outbreaks.A study exploring feasibility of point-of-care COVID-19 testing from ~200 care home staff and residents across 4 sites suggests that both standard operating procedures and training materials require adjustments specific to the care home environment to minimise sources of contamination.
Clinical Trials	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Recent results from ATOMIC2 an open-label, randomised superiority clinical trial at 19 centres in the UK found that azithromycin (an anti-inflammatory antibiotic) does not reduce hospitalisation in patients (n=298) with mild-moderate COVID-19.

Building a Gateway for researchers and innovators to access health data

www.healthdatagateway.org

HDRUK
Health Data Research UK



- **Access to request over 600+ datasets**, 149 tools, 195 educational courses and 1,242 publications
- A **dedicated collection of datasets for each Hub – 140 in total**
- **Facilitated 247 requests to access health datasets**, in particular actively supporting the government's National Core Studies into COVID-19 ("Data and Connectivity")
- **Open Source by default** – <https://github.com/HDRUK>

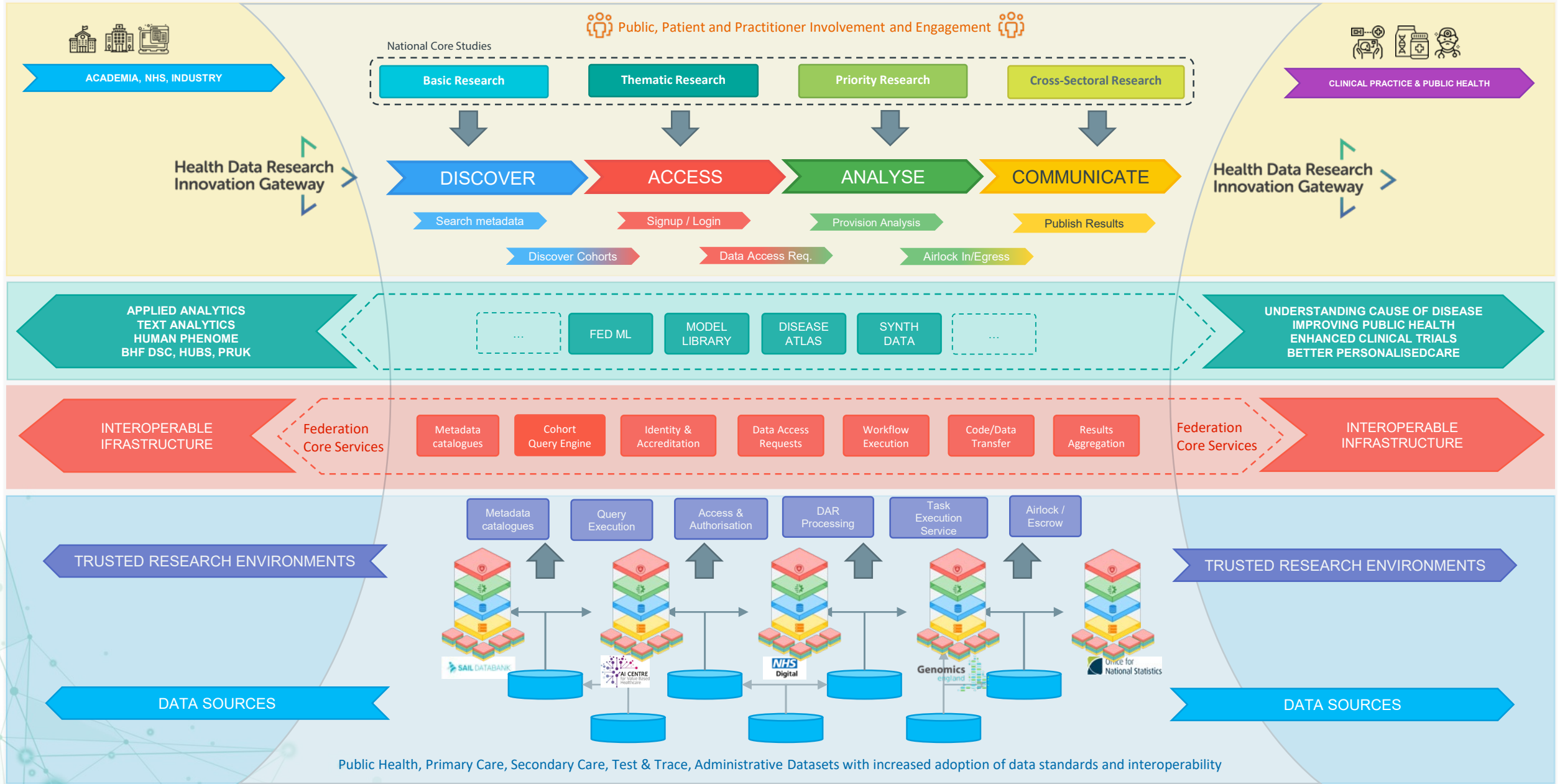
*"Really impressed with this resource.
I think as a gateway to search by data type
and indication, it's a really powerful tool."*

David Leather, GSK

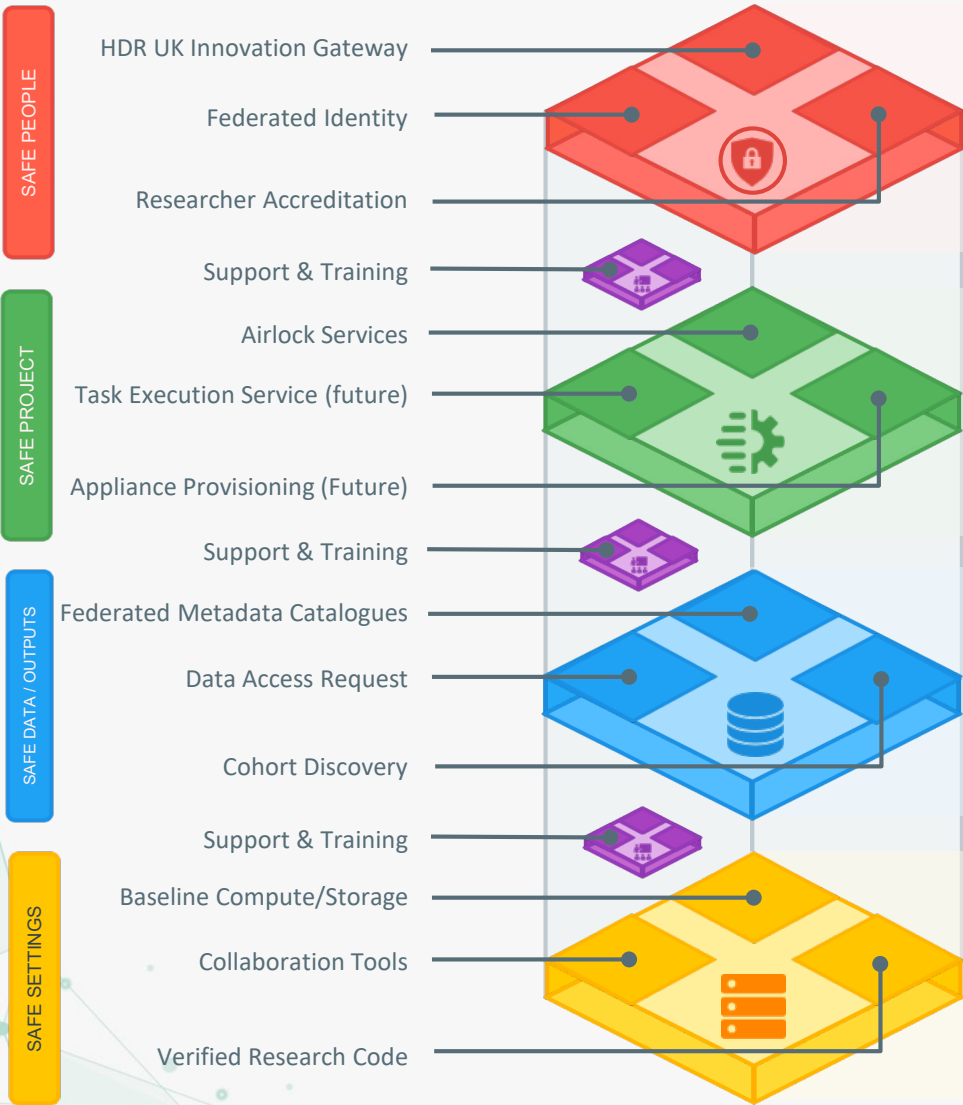
Convening the sector through the UK Health Data Research Alliance (50 members and growing...)



Open, Federated and Interoperable Ecosystem for Health Data Research in the UK



Open, Federated and Interoperable Technology Stack for Trusted Research Environments



Identity Federation

Provides authenticated, authorized and auditable access to federated resources using standardized single sign-on and identity federation

Analytics Federation

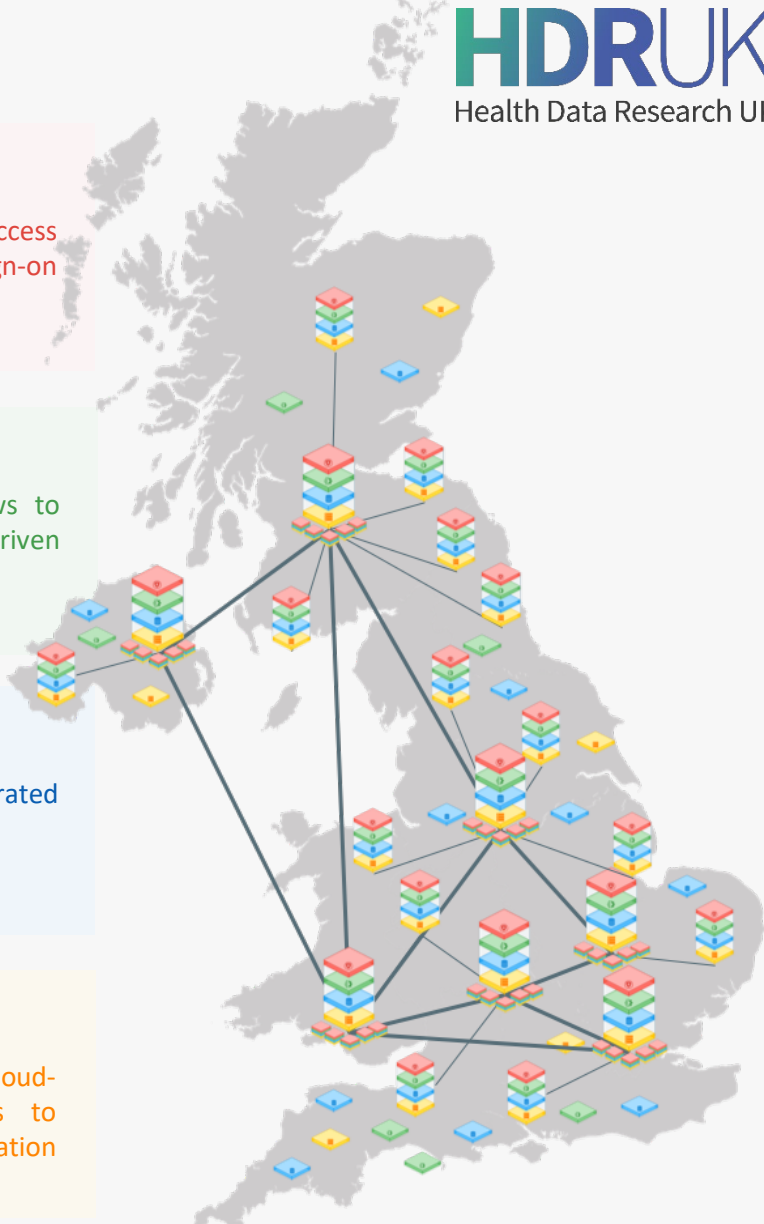
Reuse and combine portable tools and workflows to enhance healthcare delivery with advanced data-driven translational insights.

{Meta}Data Federation

Discover, explore, organize and securely access federated data for accelerating the translation into healthcare.

Infrastructure Federation

Immediate access to advanced & flexible hybrid cloud-based computational resource including access to specialized accelerators and container orchestration services.



Layout for illustration purpose only

An exemplar of working with public and patients

828 submissions to public survey
on COVID-19 vaccine

Consultation on COVID work across **7 UK-wide patient and public networks** with
168 responses.

“

I am glad you're involving me from what seems to be the beginning so that you can actually take my concerns and address them whilst helping the greater good

Patient / Public Voice Rep



92 people consulted to inform decisions on
methods and process for clinical trial
recruitment

Strong **Public Advisory Board** providing
strategic guidance on all our work

16,500 contacts with patient & public
contributors across the institute in 2020

“

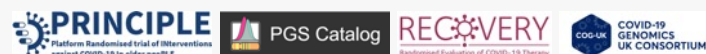
It is essential that the public is included in
this ground-breaking work.

Margaret Rogers
Member of the HDR UK Public
Advisory Board

Health Data Research UK Ecosystem



1,242 COVID-19 pre-prints **158** published papers.
Better Care, Understanding Causes of Disease,
Clinical Trials & Public Health



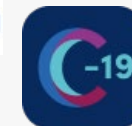
293 COVID-19 research projects using
national data custodian data
300 Health Data Research Hub
contracts with industry & academia



>22,000 patient and public participants
in health data research
HDR Standards: Trusted Research
Environments, Data Utility, Federation

Streamlined data access request process,
harmonised across TREs. Time from
application to active research: **3-14 days** ¹

¹ Wales and Scotland data only



Example: Zoe COVID-19 symptom tracker –
most frequently accessed dataset

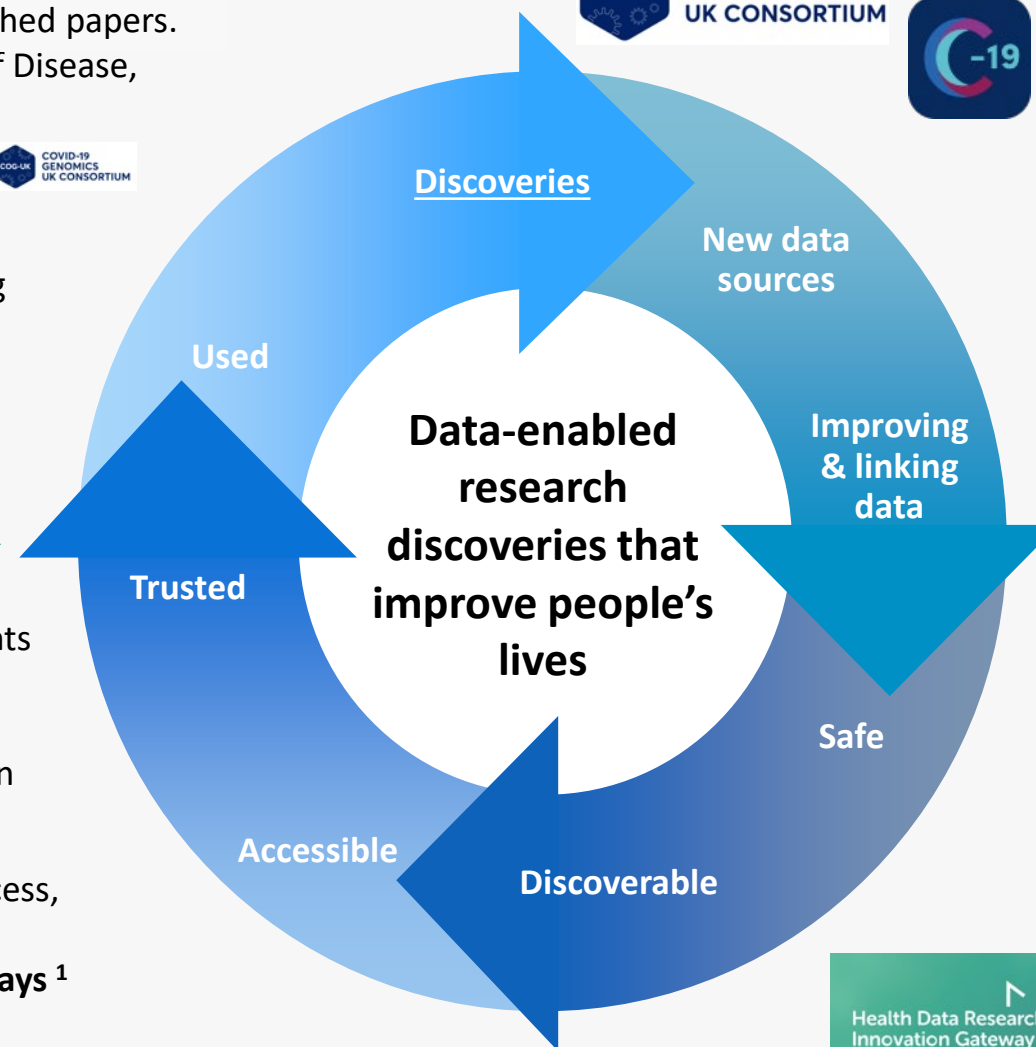
Example: Hubs + CVD-COVID-19 For the first
time, linked health data resource covering
54.4 million people



112 datasets set up in **5** national trusted
research environments – by National Core
Studies Data & Connectivity



646 discoverable datasets
>16,000 monthly searches



Hubs impact and insights

Making datasets more useful, so researchers can better understand data

What is our impact?

140

datasets available for research

300+

contracts providing data services to industry, academia and the NHS

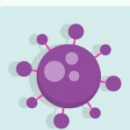
16,000

contacts involving patients and the public in health data research

94

datasets at the top level of metadata quality

Providing crucial insights on COVID-19



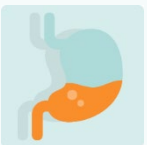
NHS DigiTrials

Provided access and linked data for the RECOVERY Trial, saving thousands of lives.



DATA-CAN

Estimated excess cancer patient deaths.



Gut Reaction

Enabled 34,000 people with inflammatory bowel disease to assess their risk.



BHF Data Science Centre

Enabled safe, secure access to health data for over 55 million people in the UK, to investigate the impact of COVID-19 on cardiovascular disease.



PIONEER

Analysis of real-time data discovered an increase in venous thromboembolic events (VTE); developed guidance which is now being used in over 60 countries.



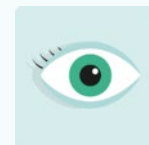
Discover-NOW

Supported a range of projects across London.



BREATHE

Provided policymakers maps and hotspot data from 4.4.m people using the ZOE/ Kings College London Symptom Study.



INSIGHT

Supported real world data analysis to identify impact on hospital eye services.

Data enabled clinical trials - RECOVERY



Challenge

To rapidly identify treatments that may be beneficial for people hospitalised with suspected or confirmed COVID-19, to save lives and reduce the burden on the NHS

Solution

The RECOVERY trial was set up quickly to enable access and use of large-scale data so that effective treatments could be identified quickly and made available.

The NHS DigiTrials Hub and HDR UK's clinical trials team enabled access to linked data from hospital admissions, discharge, treatments, deaths, and COVID test results.

Impact

- The trial protocol set up in less than a fortnight and the first patient recruited within 9 days
- **38,000 patients have been recruited through 180 hospitals, the largest randomised trial for COVID-19 treatments**
- Within 4 months, the trials had discovered the **first successful treatment for COVID-19 - dexamethasone** (estimated to have saved 650,000 lives across the world)
- Within a year the trial had discovered tocilizumab as an effective treatment
- RECOVERY has ruled out 4 drugs - including hydroxychloroquine - as viable treatments (an equally valuable insight from clinical trials)



“The widespread collection of healthcare data and trustworthy tools for bringing them together mean that we can reignite and extend that opportunity – using existing NHS data from GPs and hospitals to assess the impact of new treatments for a range of diseases, and bringing benefits to patients faster and more efficiently than ever before.”

Martin Landray, HDR UK Research Director, Clinical Trials

Real-world validation of COVID-19 vaccine effectiveness through rapid use of linked, national data



Challenge

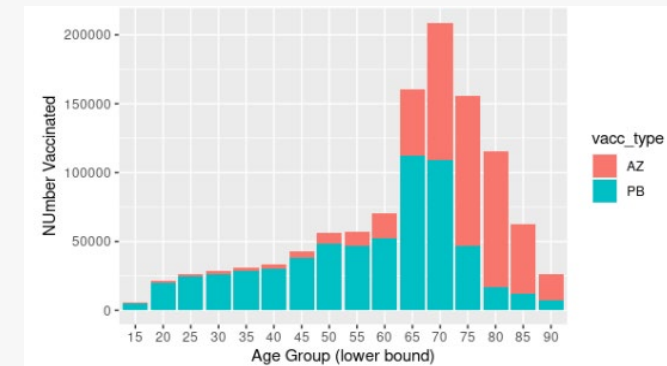
- To **confirm the real-world effectiveness of COVID-19 vaccines** to establish the success of the roll out is urgent

Solution

- Enabling access to the [EAVE II dataset](#), which links vaccination, primary care, COVID-19 testing, hospitalisation and mortality records for 99% Scottish population (5.4M people), through the Scottish National Safe Haven
- This setting provided access for approved researchers in a **safe and secure way** and allowed **rapid analysis to data**, with publication of findings within weeks of data collection

Impact

- Analysis showed that the Pfizer and AstraZeneca vaccines reduced hospital admissions by 85% and 94% respectively (and this result was maintained for adults >80 years)
- The results provided early insights that the **COVID-19 vaccination is working on a population-wide level and provides confidence in the continuing roll out**



“This study is the first to describe the country-wide effect of the approved COVID-19 vaccines on preventing severe illness and hospital admissions... the brilliant news is that this suggests the vaccine delivery programme is working.”

Dr Josie Murray,
Public Health Scotland

Effectiveness of First Dose of COVID-19 Vaccines Against Hospital Admissions in Scotland: National Prospective Cohort Study of 5.4 Million People

21 Pages • Posted: 19 Feb 2021

New large scale data assets - CVD-COVID-UK

Challenge

At the start of the COVID-19 pandemic, approved researchers were unable to access national, linked health data across the whole UK population to carry out analysis that would support healthcare and public health policy.

Solution

- BHF Data Science Centre has developed a new Trusted Research Environment (TRE), in partnership with NHS Digital, **providing researchers with secure access to linked health data from primary and secondary care, registered deaths, COVID-19 laboratory and vaccination data and cardiovascular specialist audits**
- This data set covers the population of England of 57m people), with similar linked data made available for Scotland and Wales (>8 million people)

Impact

- Through the CVD-COVID-UK consortium (130 members from 40 UK research organisations), **>50 analysts are – for the first time ever - analysing linked health data on >65 million people to address COVID-19 related research questions**
- Linking data from different health settings is crucial to define cardiovascular events, COVID-19 diagnoses and key patient characteristics - **this resource enables statistically powerful research and includes all age groups, ethnicities , geographic locations, and socioeconomic, health and personal characteristics**
- **130 Collaborators, 50 analysts working in the TRE**

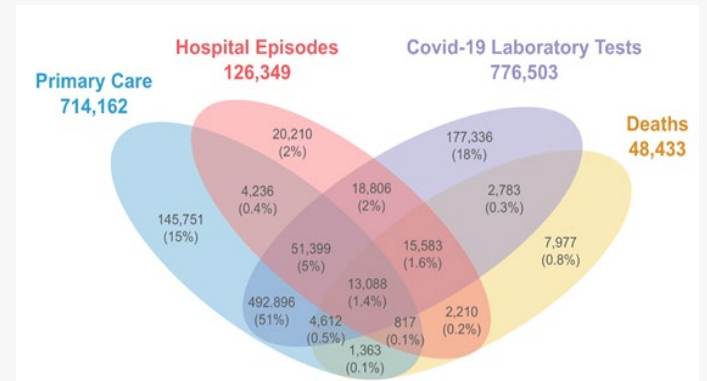


Figure - the data sources for 960,000 COVID-19 diagnoses in England from Jan-Oct 2020

“Because of our partnership with NHS Digital, researchers can now access health data at a scale that a year ago was hardly even imaginable.”

Cathie Sudlow
Director, BHF Data Science Centre

Reference:

<https://www.medrxiv.org/content/10.1101/2021.02.22.21252185v2>

The extraordinary role of health data science in the response to COVID-19

Lesson 1: Interoperable data
are a key resource to
help save lives



Lesson 3: The public and
patients are enablers, and
important advocates



Lesson 2: Getting value from
data requires people with a
wide range of skills working
together



Further lessons from the front lines of health data research in the UK

- **Start with well-defined research questions** and work backwards to identify key assets, weak links (e.g. social care) and streamline data flows – spatial, temporal and multi-modal
- **Being transparent and open with public and patients** - PPIE groups often accelerate research when engaged from the outset, instead of it being an after-thought
- **Establishing an open, interoperable and federated infrastructure** is a key enabler for resilience and synergy between national and international activities
- **Be cognizant not to build Yet Another Data Silo** – with urgency and pressure it is human nature to centralise without strengthening the underlying roots
- **Invest in data quality, interoperability and digital maturity** across all stakeholders of the health ecosystem with a particular **emphasis on diversity**
- **Build mechanisms for SAFE access to FAIR data** - SAFE People, SAFE Project, SAFE Data, SAFE Settings and SAFE Outputs.
- **Develop, train and sustain a international community of interdisciplinary Health Data Scientists** to work with diverse health data safely and securely
- **Need for a “Deep Retrospective”** to discover good, bad and alternate paths to success – there will never be a panacea but we can share what we learnt



...to enable discoveries that improve people's lives

**“We can only see a short distance ahead, but
we can see plenty there that needs to be done.”
~ Alan Turing (d 07 June 1954)**

Find out more:

www.hdruk.ac.uk

www.healthdatagateway.org

@HDR_UK

